

Statement of Volatility – Dell Latitude™ 3330

△ CAUTION: A CAUTION indicates either potential damage to hardware or loss of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.

The Dell Latitude[™] 3330 contains both volatile and non-volatile (NV) components. Volatile components lose their data immediately after power is removed from the component. Non-volatile (NV) components continue to retain their data even after power is removed from the component. The following NV components are present on the Dell Latitude[™] 3330 system board.

Description	Reference Designator	Volatility Description	User Accessible for external data	Remedial Action (Action necessary to prevent loss of data)
Embedde d Flash in embedde d controlle r	U2702	256K byte of embedded Flash memory for keyboard controller BIOS code, asset tag, and BIOS passwords.	No	NA
MEC5055 Panel EEDID EEPROM	Part of panel assembly	Non-Volatile memory, 128 bytes. Stores panel manufacturing information, display configuration data.	No	NA
System BIOS	U6001, U6002	Non-Volatile memory, 64Mbit (8MB), 32Mbit (4MB) System BIOS and Video BIOS for basic boot operation, PSA (on board diags), PXE diags.	No	NA
System Memory – DDR3L memory	Two SoDIMMs connectors: DM1, DM2	Volatile memory in OFF state (see state definitions later in text) One or both modules will be populated. System memory size will depend on SoDIMM modules and will be between 2 GB and 16 GB inclusive	Yes	Power off system
System memory SPD EEPROM	On memory SoDIMM(s) – one or two present	Non-Volatile memory 2Kbit (256 bytes). One device present on each SoDIMM. Stores memory manufacturer data and timing information for correct operation of system memory.	No	NA

Description	Reference Designator	Volatility Description	User Accessible for external data	Remedial Action (Action necessary to prevent loss of data)
RTC CMOS	PCH1	Non Volatile memory 256 bytes Stores CMOS information	Νο	NA
Video memory – frame buffer	UMA architectur e- uses system DDR3L.	Volatile memory in off state. UMA uses main system memory size allocated out of main memory.	No	Power off
Hard drive(s)	User replaceable, one or two	Non Volatile magnetic media, various sizes in GB. May also be SSD (solid state flash drive)	Yes	Low level format
mSATA	WWAN1	mSATA module would share with WWAN module on full size mini-card. Non Volatile memory (SSD)	Yes	NA

CAUTION: All other components on the system board lose data if power is removed from the system. Primary power loss (unplugging the power cord and removing the battery) destroys all user data on the memory (DDR3L). Secondary power loss (removing the on-board coin-cell battery) destroys system data on the system configuration and time-of-day information.

In addition, to clarify memory volatility and data retention in situations where the system is put in different ACPI power states the following is provided (those ACPI power states are S0, S1, S3, S4 and S5):

S0 state is the working state where the dynamic RAM is maintained and is read/write by the processor.

S1 state is a low wake-up latency sleeping state. In this state, no system context is lost (CPU or chip set) and hardware maintains all system contexts.

S3 is called "suspend to RAM" state or stand-by mode. In this state the dynamic RAM is maintained. Dell systems will be able to go to S3 if the OS and the peripherals used in the system supports S3 state. Linux, Win 2K and Win XP support S3 state.

S4 is called "suspend to disk" state or "hibernate" mode. There is no power. In this state, the dynamic RAM is not maintained. If the system has been commanded to enter S4, the OS will write the system context to a non-volatile storage file and leave appropriate context markers. When the system is coming back to the working state, a restore file from the non-volatile storage can occur. The restore file has to be valid. Dell systems will be able to go to S4 if the OS and the peripherals support S4 state. Win 2K and Win XP support S4 state.

S5 is the "soft" off state. There is no power. The OS does not save any context to wake up the system. No data will remain in any component on the system board, i.e. cache or memory. The system will require a complete boot when awakened. Since S5 is the shut off state, coming out of S5 requires power on which clears all registers.

The following table shows all the states supported by Dell Latitude™ 3330:

Model Number	SO	S1	S3	S4	S5
Dell Latitude™ 3330	x	x	x	x	x

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